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Images in rheumatology

Fourteen years follow-up of massive pelvic girdle osteolysis caused by lymphatic malformation (Gorham-Stout Disease)

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Fig. 1.

This radiograph reveals an osteolysis of the right pubic bone, the left obturator ring, the sacrum and the greater trochanter of the right femur (Fig. 1). The patient was a 46-years-old woman with a 14-years evolution of a lymphatic malformation: Gorham-Stout disease [1,2]. Thoraco-abdomino-pelvic imaging did not reveal further irregularities. Blood tests did not reveal any anomalies such as inflammation or a dysregulation of phosphocalcic homeostasis. The protein electrophoresis, renal function and thyroid hormone were normal and no tumor markers were detected.

Disclosure of interest

The authors declare that they have no competing interest.

References

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